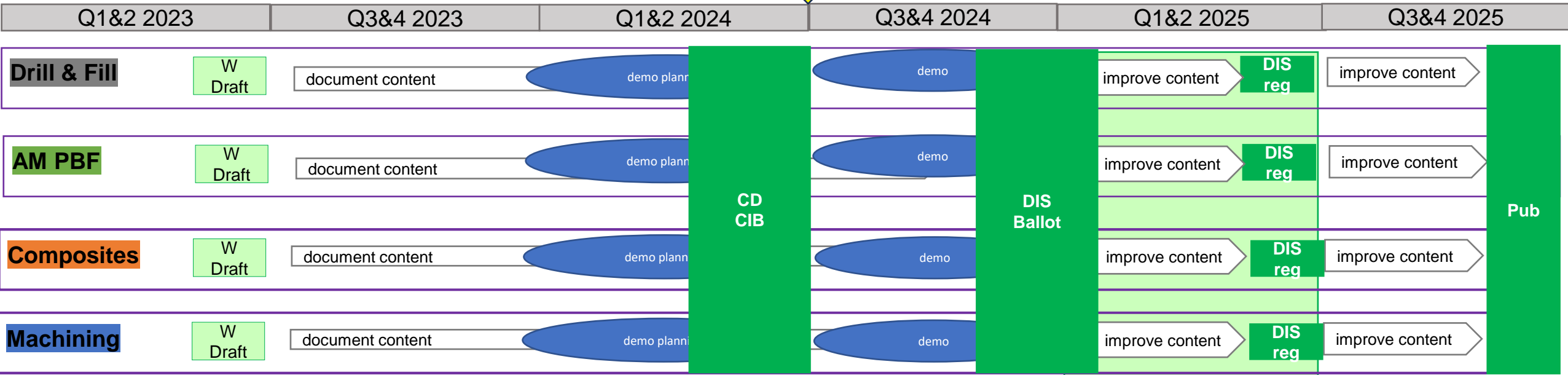


AP238 E4 – Model Based Manufacturing



Drill & Fill

Model based assembly for LOTAR



EXPRESS definition of requirements

AM PBF

Interoperability for reliable manufacturing



Mapping tables

Composites

Digital Thread for tape layup



English descriptions (final form)

Machining

Reduced tool wear and cycle time

Drill and Fill Phases

Phase 1

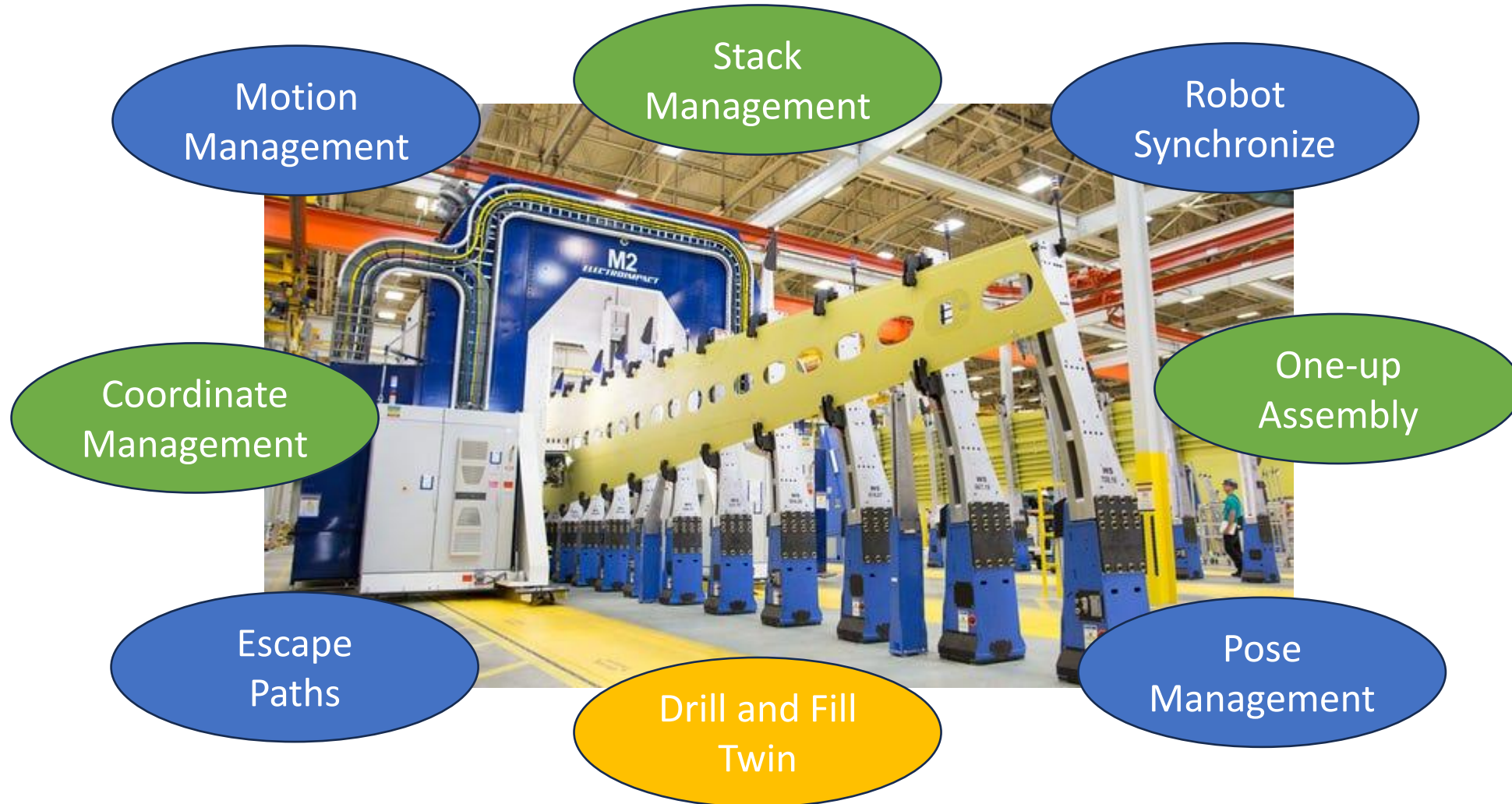
LOTAR

Phase 2

Robot teaming

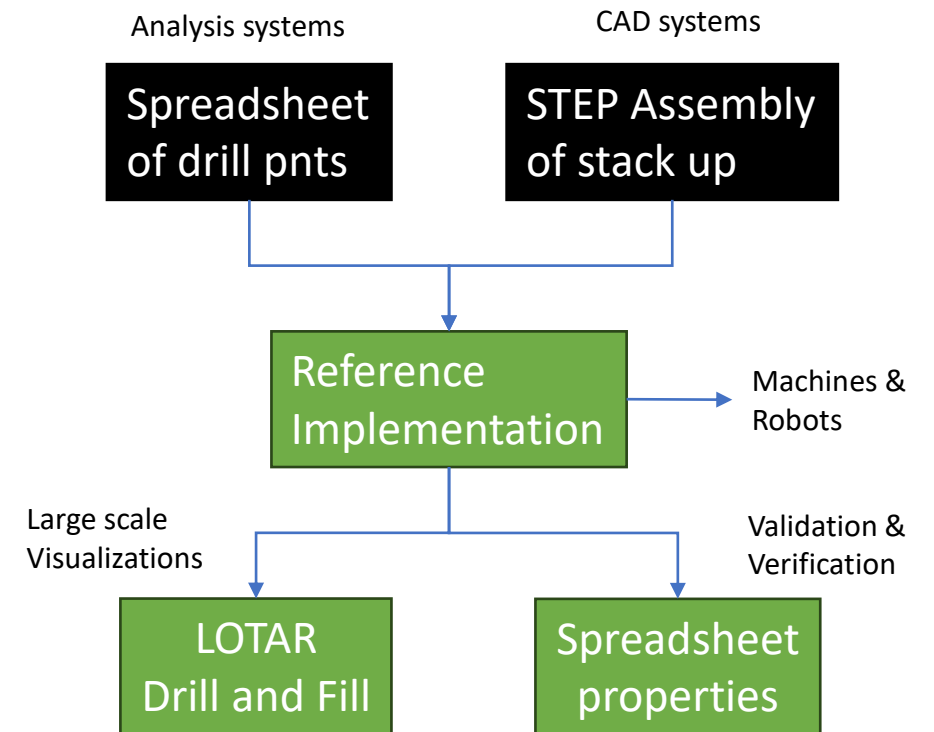
Phase 3

Weight reduction



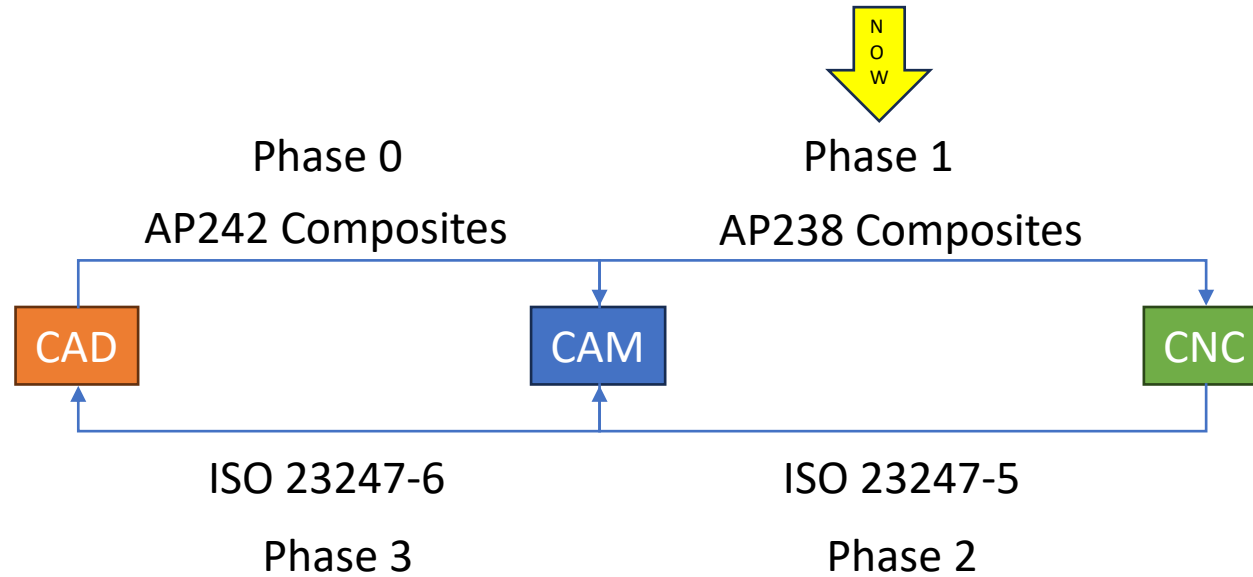
Drill and Fill for LOTAR

- Spreadsheet Input
 - Point and axis definition of stack-up's
 - Oneup classification for sequencing
 - Material for drill and fill, speed and feeds
- Long Term Archiving
 - Machining operation definition
 - Machining sequence definition
 - Machining result verification



Operation sequence is late bound

Digital Thread for Composite Tape Layup



Phase	Input	Output
0	Composite Assembly Table design	Nominal courses in STEP-NC
1	Manufacturing courses in STEP-NC	Manufacturing codes for tape layup
2	Manufacturing placements	As-laid courses
3	As-laid tapes	As-built composite ply assembly

Digital Thread continued

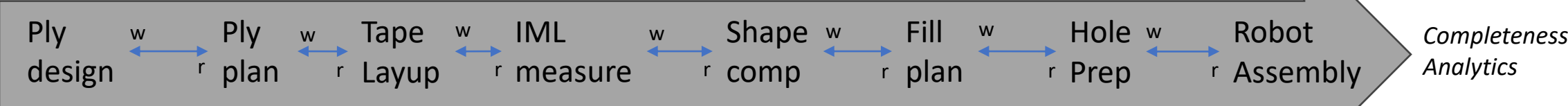
Multiple design disciplines

"How my requirements were met"

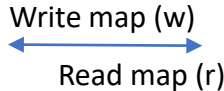
Multiple manufacturing solutions



Requirements



Forward flow

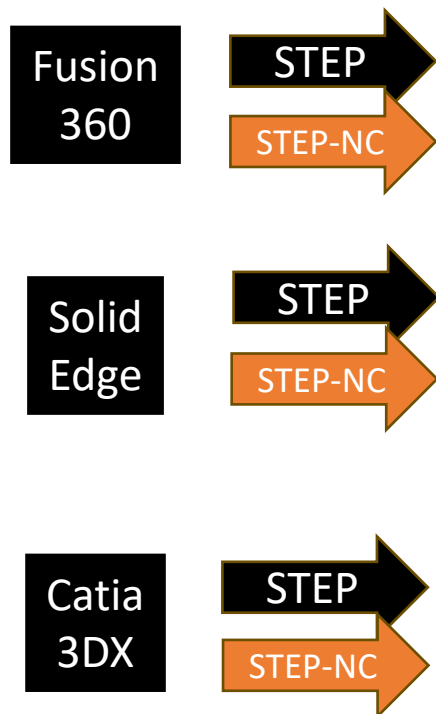


"How my design was used"

PBF data exchange

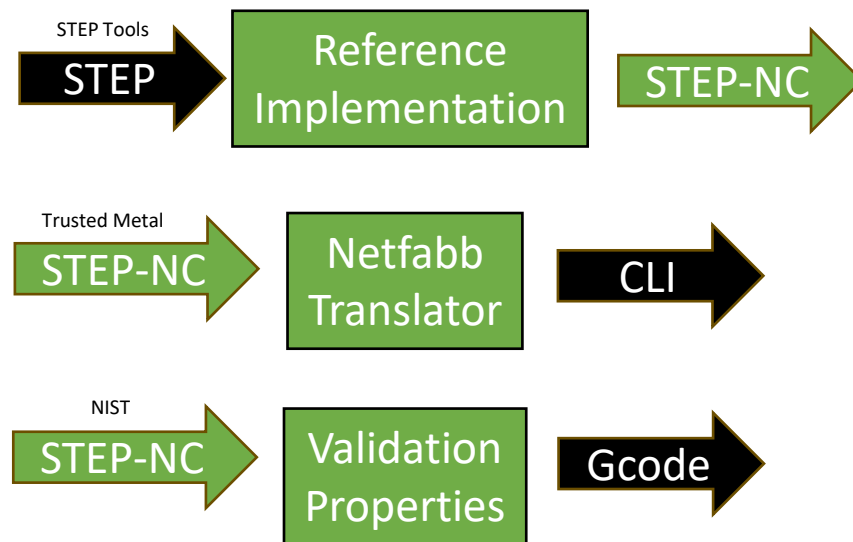
Phase 3
Update CAD to write STEP-NC

CAD Systems
With STEP



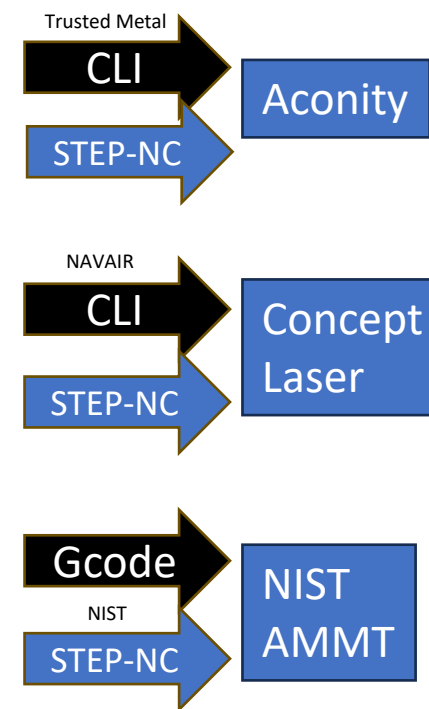
Phase 1 (3D, 2D, 1D)
Build Reference systems

STEP-NC Systems



Phase 2 (0D)
Update controls to read STEP-NC

Open Control
Powder Bed Fusion

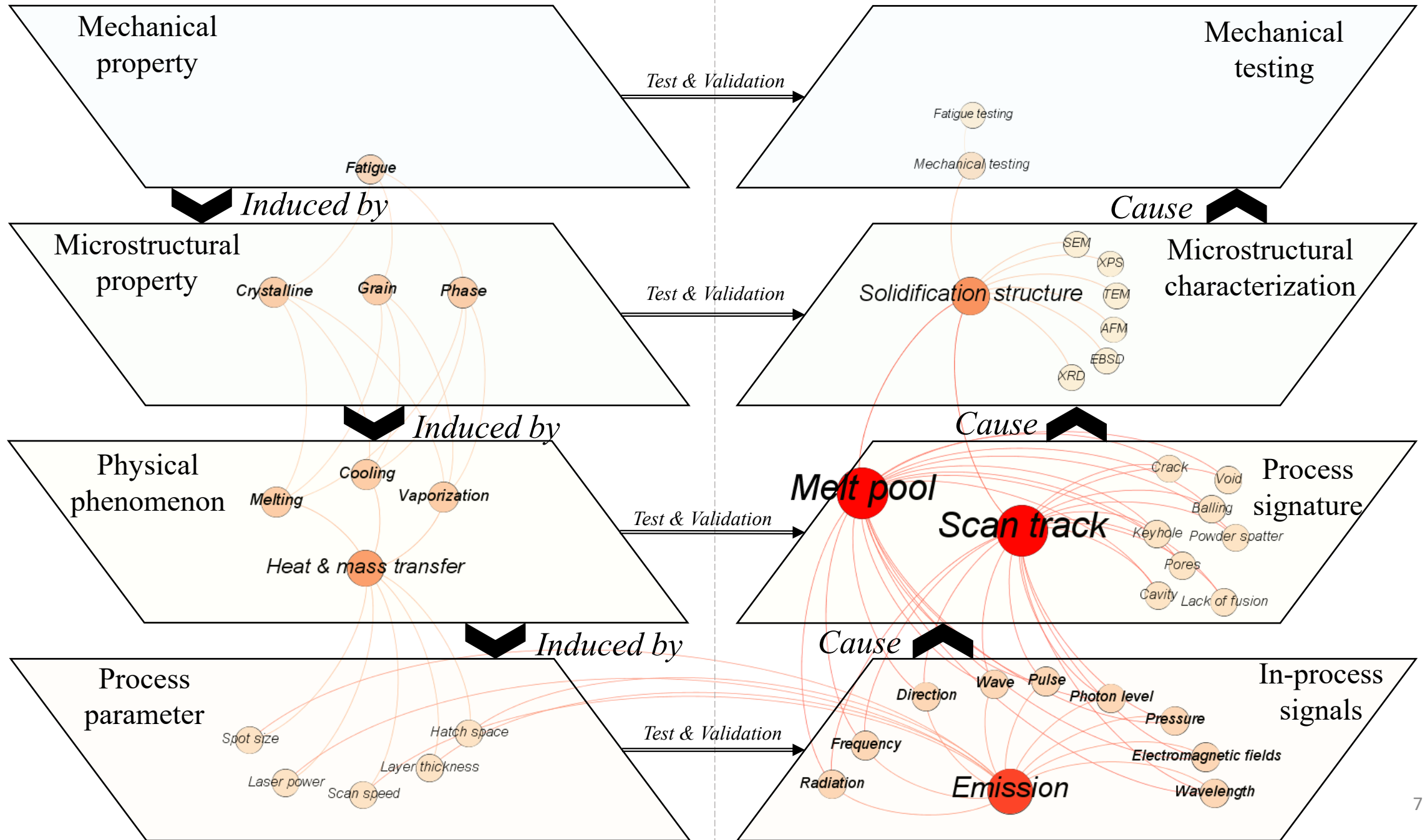


1. Make a part model

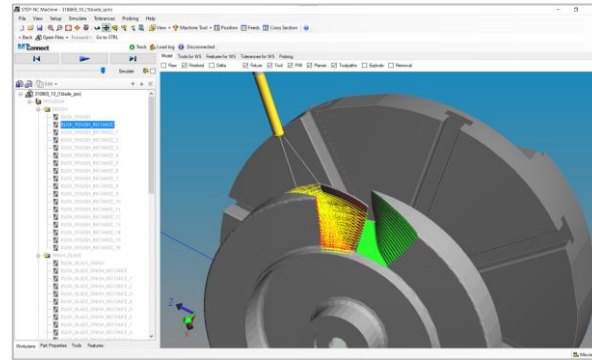
2. Convert to STEP-NC using reference algorithm

3. Same part on different machines more reliably

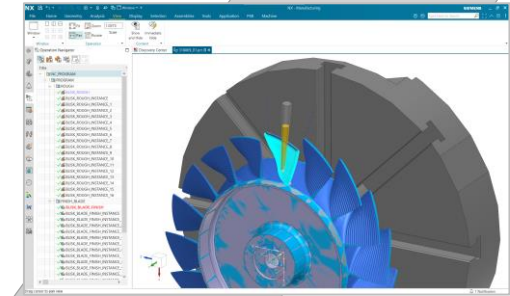
PBF Fatigue modeling (Phase 3)



Machining system constraints
(torque, power, accelerations, jerk,
stiffness, stability etc.)



SANDVIK
COROMANT



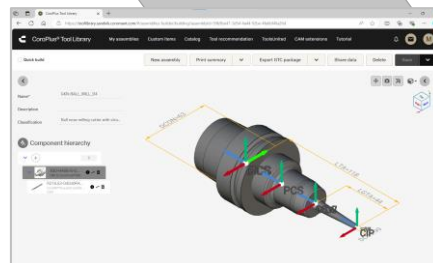
Adoption and comparison
Implementation
Validation of solution

Workpiece material commercial name
Machineability classification
Specific cutting force coefficient (K_c)

- Solution request
- Predictable tool wear
 - Reduced cycle time

- Solution proposal
- Cutting tool
 - Cutting data

Chip thickness
Equivalent cross section area
Single tool and multi tool



Cutting
Based
Collaboration

Cutting based data exchange

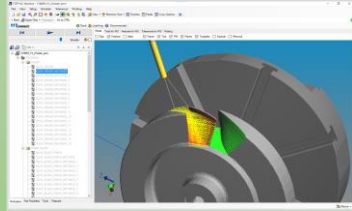
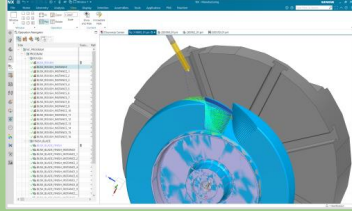
Process planning

Solution provider

3. Develop solution in collaboration

←—————→

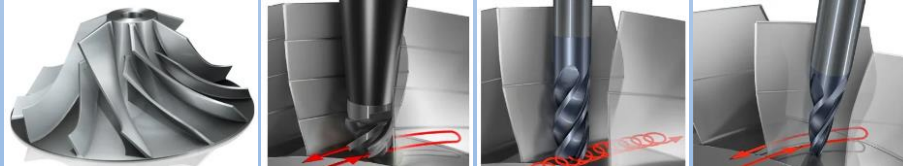
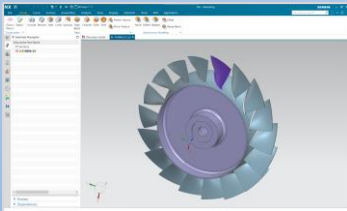
- cutting process detailing
- same** shape
- working steps, cross section, CAM strategy



2. Initiate collaboration

←—————→

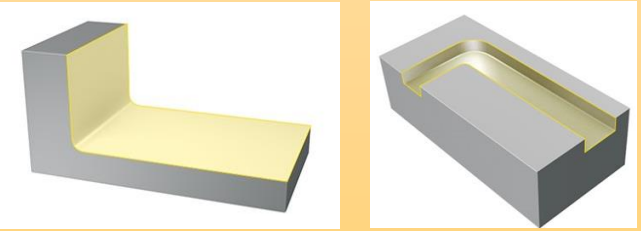
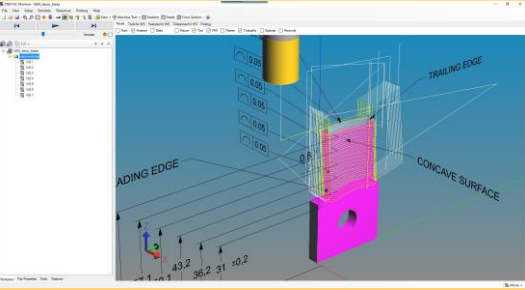
- concept detailing
- similar** shapes



1. Find collaboration

←—————→

evaluate equivalence and opportunities



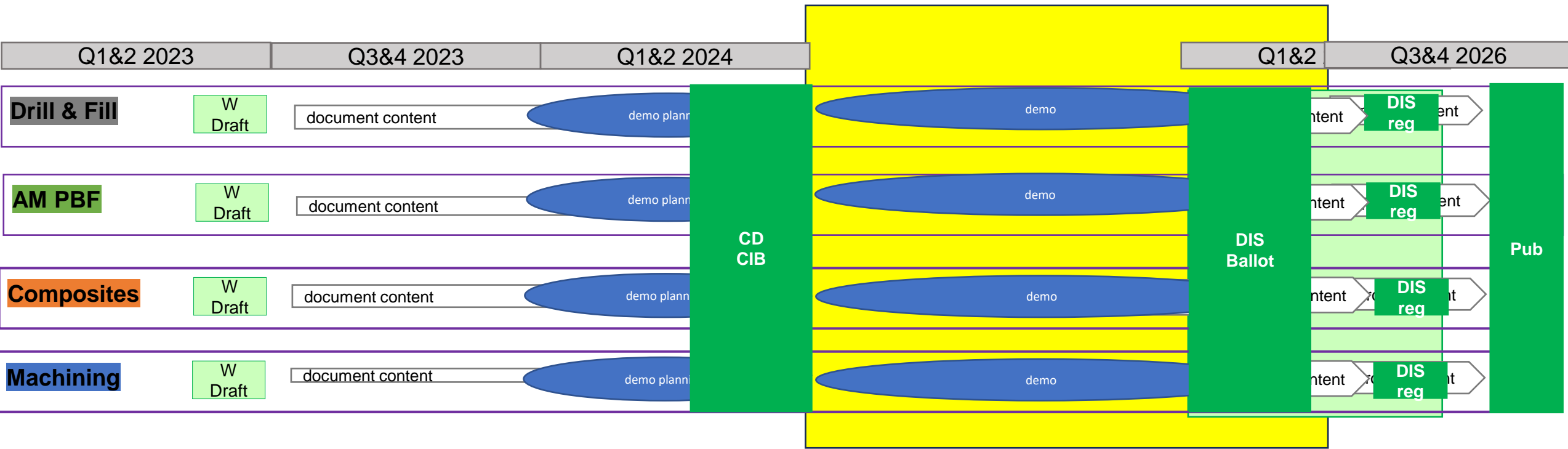
1.

2.

3.

Phases

Conclusion – time budget – one year



Drill & Fill Model based assembly for LOTAR

AM PBF Interoperability for reliable manufacturing

Composites Digital Thread for tape layup

Machining Reduced tool wear and cycle time

W Draft EXPRESS definition of requirements

CIB Ballot Mapping tables

DIS reg English descriptions (final form)

TBD Time extension for Inter-laboratory testing

New dates

Updated project-plan

	Current	Proposed
CD	2024-04-09	2024-04-09
DIS	2024-12-31	2025-12-31
IS	2025-12-31	2026-12-31

Justification – points to make

- Hugely expensive to fix things on manufacturing floor so standard needs to be right
 - Systems are locked down
 - Change is expensive and hard to justify
 - Make it right so it will not have to be corrected
- Need for integration with ISO 23247-5 & 6 which is not yet at CD
 - Need 23247 for manufacturing digital twin
 - CD will be published in September
- The complex high precision algorithms required for high quality manufacturing take time to develop
 - Relatively few experts
 - Testing on expensive, high demand machines
 - Errors have an undesirable impact on production